IN THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (currently amended) A bimetallic catalyst for the treatment of waters containing nitrates, comprising a support and at least one noble metal and at least one non-noble metal, characterized in that wherein the support, in elemental and anhydrous form, has a composition corresponding to the formula XYMgAl, wherein X is at least one noble metal; Y is at least one non-noble metal; Mg is magnesium; Al is aluminium.
- 2. (currently amended) A catalyst in accordance with claim 1, characterized in that wherein Mg and Al form a hydrotalcite structure.
- 3. (currently amended) A catalyst in accordance with claim 1, characterized in that wherein the noble metal is selected from among Pd, Pt, Ru, Ir and Rh.
- 4. (currently amended) A catalyst in accordance with claim 1, characterized in that wherein the noble metal is present in the form of noble metal oxide, in a proportion referring to the total weight of the catalyst of 0.1 to 30% by weight, preferably from 0.5 to 15% by weight.
- 5. (currently amended) A catalyst in accordance with claim 1, characterized in that wherein the noble metal is Pd.
- 6. (currently amended) A catalyst in accordance with claim 1, characterized in that wherein the non-noble metal is selected from among Cu, Sn, Zn, In, Ni, Ag, Fe or Co.
- 7. (currently amended) A catalyst in accordance with claim 1, eharacterized in that wherein the non-noble metal is present in the form of non-noble metal oxide, in a proportion referring to the total weight of the catalyst of 0.5 to 10% by weight.
- 8. (currently amended) A catalyst in accordance with claim 1, eharacterized in that wherein the non-noble metal is Cu.

- 9. (currently amended) A catalyst in accordance with claim 2, characterized in that wherein the metals are incorporated into the hydrotalcite structure by impregnation.
- 10. (currently amended) A catalyst in accordance with claim 2, eharacterized in that wherein the metals have been incorporated into the hydrotalcite structure during the synthesis stage of the hydrotalcite.
- 11. (currently amended) A catalyst in accordance with claim 2, eharacterized in that wherein at least one non-noble metal is incorporated into the hydrotalcite structure during the synthesis stage of the hydrotalcite and in that at least one noble metal is incorporated by impregnation in a stage subsequent to the synthesis stage.
- 12. (currently amended) A catalyst in accordance with claim 1, characterized in that wherein the Mg and Al are present in the form of aluminium and magnesium oxides starting from a precursor of hydrotalcite by calcination in air at temperatures between 350 and 800° C, for a period of between 1 and 20 hours.
- 13. (currently amended) A catalyst in accordance with claim 12, eharacterized in that wherein at least one noble metal and at least one non-noble metal is incorporated into the structure of the hydrotalcite precursor during the synthesis stage of the hydrotalcite.
- 14. (currently amended) A catalyst in accordance with claim 13, characterized in that wherein at least one non-noble metal or metals are incorporated into the structure of the precursor during the synthesis stage of the hydrotalcite in order to form oxides of Mg/Al/non-noble metal, and in that at least one noble metal has been incorporated by impregnation in a stage subsequent to the synthesis stage.
- 15. (currently amended) A process for treating waters to eliminate nitrates present in liquid phase therein, said process comprising (a) treating said liquid phase with a catalyst in accordance with

claim 1, and (b) reducing nitrates to nitrogen by adding a reducing agent.

16. (currently amended) A process in accordance with claim 15, characterized in that wherein the reducing agent is selected among from the group consisting of hydrogen, formic acid, hydrocarbons and combinations thereof.